





萬誠科技股份有限公司

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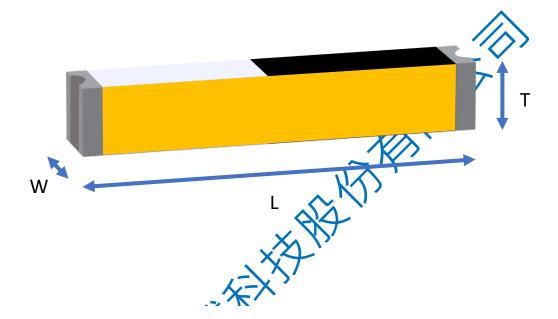
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8010 Chip antenna

For 北斗 / GPS / GLONASS Applications







Part Number Information

<u>WAN</u>	<u>8010</u>	<u>F</u>	<u>157</u>	H	<u>05</u>
Α	В	С	D	Ε	F

Α	Product Series	Antenna	
В	Dimension L x W	8.0X1.0mm (+-0.2mm)	
С	Material High K material		\wedge
D	Working Frequency	g Frequency 1.561GHz / 1.575GHz /	
		1.602GHz	\sim
Ε	Feeding mode	Monopole & Single Feeding	
F	Antenna type	Type = 05	
Electrical Specification		NT N	

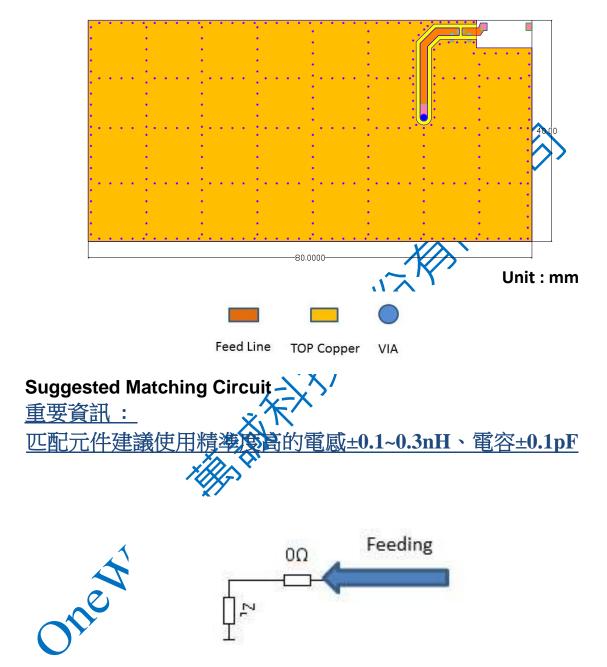
1. Electrical Specification

Part Number					
Part Number	WAN8010F157H05				
Central Frequency	1561 / 1575 / 1602	MHz			
Bandwidth 🔬 🔨	28 (Min.)	MHz			
Return Loss	-10 (Max)	dB			
Peak Gain	0.55	dBi			
Impedance	50	Ohm			
Operating Temperature	-40~+110	°C			
Maximum Power	4	W			
Resistance to Soldering Heats	10 (@ 260°C)	sec.			
		·			
Polarization	Linear				
Azimuth Beamwidth	Omni-directional				
Termination	Cu / Sn (Leadless)				

Remark : Bandwidth & Peak Gain was measured under evaluation board of next page

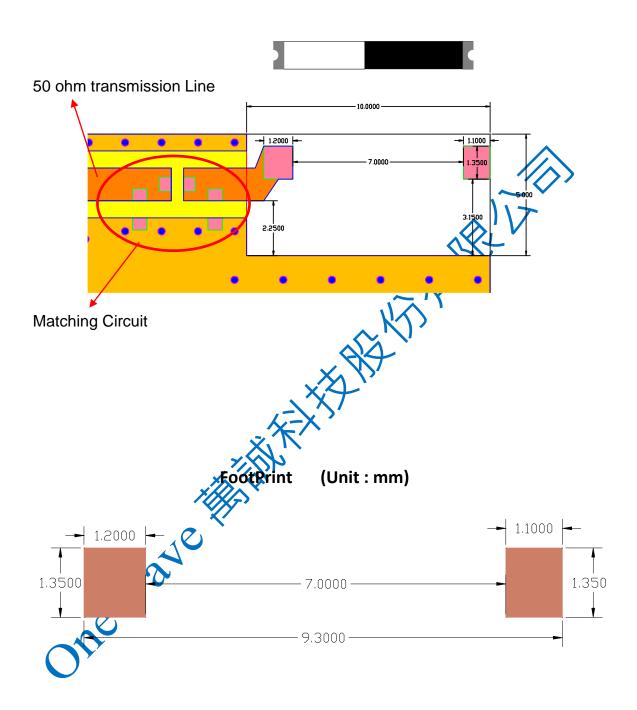
2. Recommended PCB Pattern

Evaluation Board Dimension



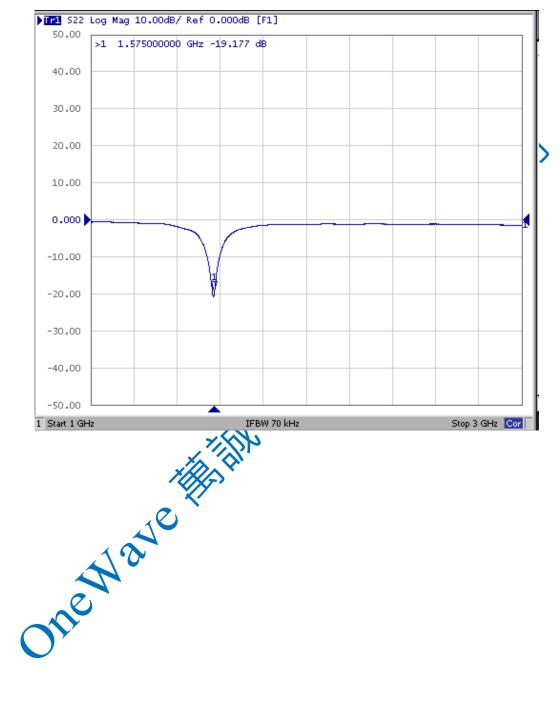


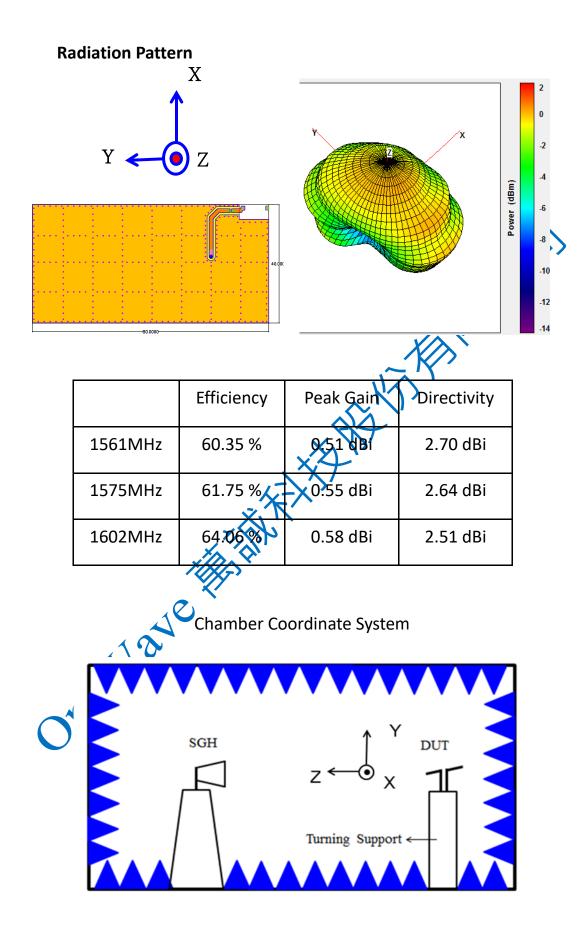
Layout Dimensions in Clearance area(Size=10.0*5.0mm)



3. Measurement Results

Return Loss





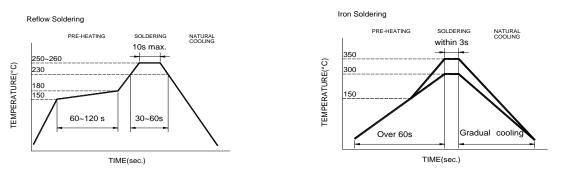


ITEM	REQUIR	EMENTS			TEST CONDITION	
Solderability		shall exceed 90% of			Pre-heating temperature:150°C/60sec.	
	2. No visib	ole mechanical dama	age		Solder temperature:230 \pm 5 $^{\circ}$ C	
	Т	「EMP (℃)			Duration:4±1sec.	
		000%	4±1 sec		Solder:Sn-Ag3.0-Cu0.5	
	230°C 4±1 sec.				Flux for lead free: rosin	
		150 ℃				
			\rightarrow \land			
		60s	sec	\backslash		
Solder heat		le mechanical dama			Pre-heating temperature:150°C/60sec.	
Resistance	2. Central Freq. change :within $\pm 6\%$				Solder temperature:260±5°C	
	Т	EMP (℃)			Duration:10±0.5sec.	
		00000	10±0.5 sec		Solder:Sn-Ag3.0-Cu0.5 Flux for lead free: rosin	
		260°C			Flux for lead free. Josh	
		150℃				
			→ \			
		/ 60s	ec	\mathbf{i}		
Component	1. No visib	le mechanical dama	age		The device should be reflow	
Adhesion			5	~	soldered(230 \pm 5 $^{\circ}$ C for 10sec.) to a tinned	
(Push test)					copper substrate A dynometer force	
				\sim	gauge should be applied the side of the component. The device must with-ST-F	
			<	j V V	0.5 Kg without failure of the termination	
				W	attached to component.	
Component	1. No visib	ole mechanical dama	age 🗸		Insert 10cm wire into the remaining open	
Adhesion			$\times \chi I$		eye bend ,the ends of even wire lengths	
(Pull test)		λ			upward and wind together.	
		3	K.		Terminal shall not be remarkably	
			<u>.</u>		damaged.	
Thermal shock	1. No visib	ole mechanical dama	age		+110℃=>30±3min -40℃=>30±3min	
	2. Central	Freq. change :within	n ±6%	1	Test cycle:10 cycles	
	Phase	Temperature(°C)	Time(min)		The chip shall be stabilized at normal	
	1	+110±5℃	30±3		condition for 2~3 hours before	
	2	Room	Within		measuring.	
	-	Temperature	3sec		5	
	3	-40±2° ℃	30±3			
_	4	Room	Within			
		Temperature	3sec			
Resistance to	1. No visible mechanical damage				Temperature: +110±5℃	
High 	2. Central	Freq. change :within	n ±6%		Duration: 1000±12hrs	
Temperature	3. No disc	onnection or short c	ircuit.		The chip shall be stabilized at normal	
					condition for 2~3 hours before	
Resistance to	4 NL 1 1	1			measuring. Temperature:-40±5℃	
Low	1. No visible mechanical damage			Duration: 1000±12hrs		
Temperature	2. Central Freq. change :within ±6%			The chip shall be stabilized at normal		
	3. No disconnection or short circuit.				condition for 2~3 hours before	
					measuring.	
Humidity	 No visible mechanical damage Central Freq. change :within ±6% No disconnection or short circuit. 				Temperature: 40±2°C	
-					Humidity: 90% to 95% RH Duration: 1000±12hrs The chip shall be stabilized at normal	
					annelition for O. O hours hefere	
					condition for 2~3 hours before	

4. Reliability and Test Condictions

5.Soldering and Mounting

Mildly activated rosin fluxes are preferred. The minimum amount of solder can lead to damage from the stresses caused by the difference in coefficients of expansion between solder, chip and substrate. The terminations are suitable for all wave and re-flow soldering systems. If hand soldering cannot be avoided, the preferred technique is the utilization of hot air soldering tools.

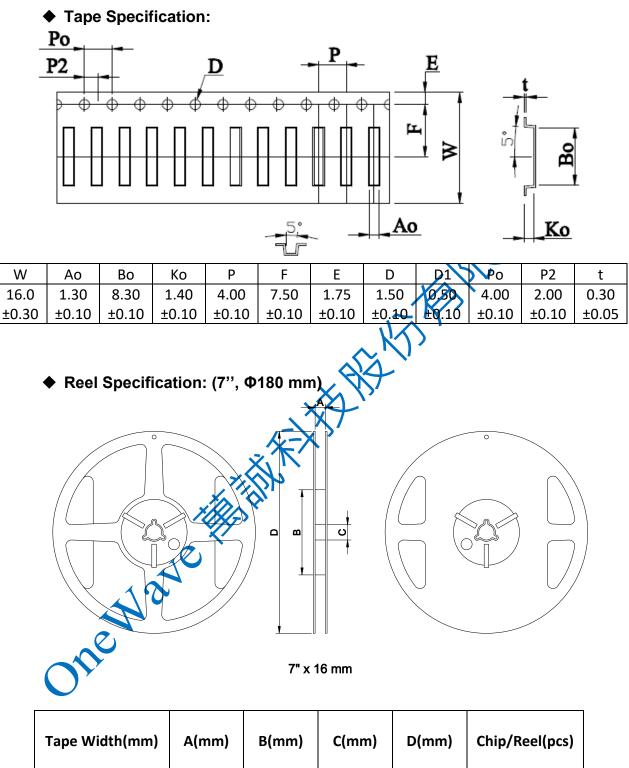


Recommended temperature profiles for rection soldering in Figure 1.

Products attachment with a soldering iron is discouraged due to the inherent process control limitations. In the event that a soldering iron must be employed the following precautions are recommended.

- Preheat circuit and products to $150^\circ C$
- Never contact the ceramic with the iron tip
- Use a 20 wat soldering iron with tip diameter of 1.0mm
- 280°C tip temperature (max)
- Limit soldering time to 3 sec.

6.Packaging Information



	A(1111)	В(ШП)	C(IIIII)	D(IIIII)	
16	16±1.0	60±2	13.5±0.5	178±2	3000

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7. Storage and Transportation Information

Storage Conditions

To maintain the solderability of terminal electrodes:

- 1. Temperature and humidity conditions: -10~ 40 $^\circ \! \mathbb{C}$ and 30~70% RH.
- 2. Recommended products should be used within 6 months from the time of delivery.
- 3. The packaging material should be kept where no chlorine or sultur exists in the air.

Transportation Conditions

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- 1. Products should be handled with care to avoid damaged contamination from perspiration and skin oils.
- 2. The use of tweezers or vacuum pick up is strongly recommended for individual components.
- 3. Bulk handling should ensure that abrasion and mechanical shock are minimized.